

Russian Revolution Review

Who was the leader of the
Bolsheviks in 1917 during the
November revolution?

Lenin

During the three-year long civil war in Russia, the “White” armies were composed of who?

tsarist officers, democrats, and other anti-Bolsheviks

Which factor did not lead to the Russian Revolution?

- * nationalization of the banking industry
- * civil war between “red” and “white” forces
- * problems associated with industrialization
- * the Treaty of Brest-Litovsk

problems associated with
industrialization

What were the conditions
surrounding the March
Revolution of 1917?

- Support for revolutionary activity was increasing.

In Stalin's command economy,
the _____ alone made all
decisions.

- government

Police terror was a weapon
used by Joseph Stalin, *mainly*
against

- ordinary Russians.

What was *one* goal of the Communist government of Stalin's Soviet Union when they tapped people's telephones and read their mail?

- making people afraid to protest

What caused 5 million
Ukrainians to starve under
Stalin's rule?

- the government took
their food from them

What replaced War Communism?

- New Economic
Policy

Discuss the Constituent Assembly. *What was it? What happened? Significance?*

- Lenin promised to hold elections for a Parliament.
- Communists only won 175 seats out of 700.
- Lenin shut down the Constituent Assembly after only one day
- This was the first step in setting up a Communist dictatorship.

Russian legislature

- Duma

Stalin's plans for industry,
transportation, & agric reform-
all under govt control

- Five Year Plan

Reds & sailors join in attacking
provisional govt, led by Lenin.
Bolshevik takeover

- October Revolution

Stalin's "reign of terror" to
eliminate political rivals, some
trials, sent to gulag

- Great Purge

political group led by Lenin

- **Bolsheviks**

the massacre of unarmed
protestors outside the palace in
1905

- Bloody Sunday

one person has absolute power
in the government

- autocracy

Tsarist officers and democrats
that wanted the
Bolsheviks/"reds" to fail

- White Army

List of civil rights issued by Tsar Nicholas

- October Manifesto

WWI, food shortages, protestors
lead to collapse of monarchy,
Tsar Nicholas abdicates

- March Revolution

Lenin's revised economic policy,
allowed some capitalism and
stopped pressing peasants for
grain

- New Economic Policy (NEP)

Labor camps used as a terror
weapon by Stalin

- gulag

What caused the
Russian Revolution?



- Suppose industrialization had come to Russia at roughly the same time as it did to Western Europe. How do you think this might have affected the ability of radicals to bring about revolution in 1917?